





EVA-G network activities in the African region

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EVA-G network activities in the African region



- What is EVA-G (in short) ?
- Key actions for cooperation beyond Europe :
 - Why ?
 - Compliance with the Nagoya Protocol
 - Promoting cooperation through Training
 - Bringing continents closer: the logistical key issue
- Take Home message

EVA-G: Origins of EVA-G



- ► EVA concept (2008-2013):
 - Based on a statement : No international Virus Collection
 - Funded by EU (2009-2014): 9 EU partners

Name of participating organisation	Country
Institut de Recherche pour le Développement (IRD)	France
Animal Health and Veterinary Laboratories Agency (AHVLA)	UK
Bernhard-Nocht-Institut für Tropenmedizin (BNI)	Germany
Universitaetsklinikum Bonn (UKB)	Germany
Health Protection Agency (HPA)	UK
Université de Genève (UNIGE)	Switzerland
Univerza v Ljubljani (UL)	Slovenia
Institute of Virology, Slovak Academy of Sciences (IVSAS)	Slovakia
Université de la Méditerranée (UNIVMED)	France

- EVAg : EVA goes global
 - Funded by EU, Network beyond EU

EVA-G: A large international consortium



- ► EVA-GLOBAL : Program funded by EU's Horizon 2020 programme under grant agreement No 871029
- 49 partners
 - From 28 EU and 10 non-EU full Partners
 - 11 (Operating) Associate Partners



EVA-G: Goals



- To collect, amplify, characterize, standardize and authenticate viruses to develop and maintain the largest active globally accessible virus archive
- ➤ To facilitate easy access to viruses and critical derived products and services for the benefit of science, medicine, industry and public health
- Prepardness and Response to viral emergence

EVA-G: Goals



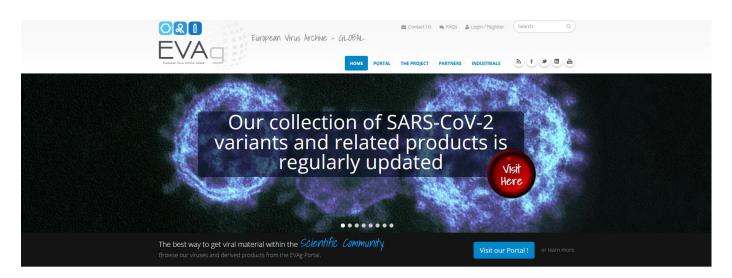
- Defined and established set of best practice quality guidelines adopted by the consortium partner collections...
- To guarantee the supply of authenticated and quality controlled resources to users
- Harmonised service levels across the consortium

EVA-G: Results



- ▶ A centralized website (> 200 visits per day in « peace time »)
- ▶ A web-based catalogue including more than 2 000 products
- Distribution of > 500 products each year.

http://global.european-virus-archive.com

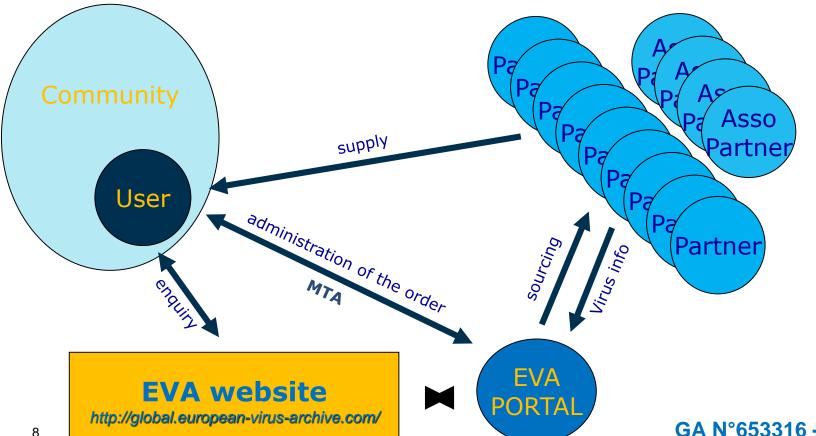




EVA-G: Mode of distribution



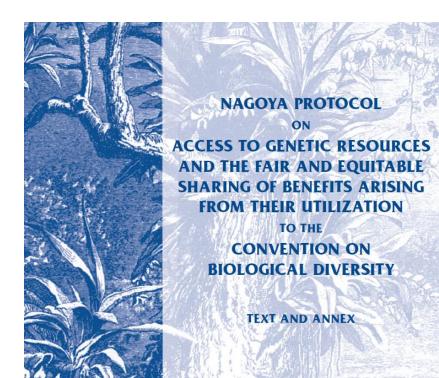
- Material can be provided provided for free (EU compensation)
 - In EU
 - **Beyond EU**
 - Upon project evaluation by external expert



GA N°653316 – H2020



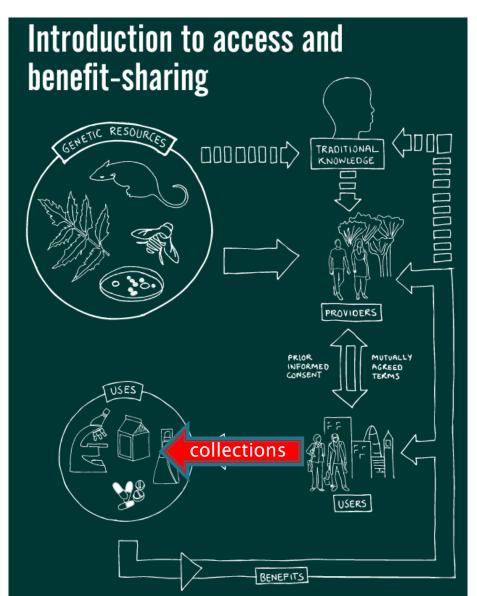
- Supplement to the UN Convention on Biological Diversity to provide mechanisms on how to comply with Access and Benefit Sharing (ABS)
- Entered into force on 12 October 2014
- Implemented in the EU via Regulation 511/2014
- Scope:
 - Plants, animals, fungi, bacteria, viruses, proteins, metabolites, DNA/RNA (non-human)
 - Commerical and non-commercial





Access:

- Each country can decide IF and HOW they regulate their resoures
 - Compliance:
- ALL EU MS must check user compliance EU Reg. 511/2014
- Researchers must file a due diligence report in EU DECLARE system if receving public funding
- > Bipartite agreement between lab/countries

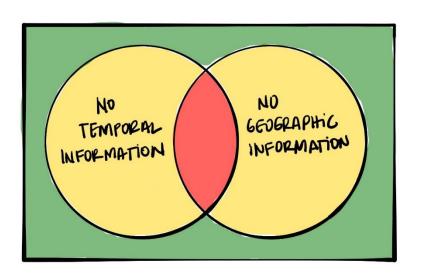




2020:

20 institutes with Nagoya non-compliant material

• 1,605 "risk" items in catalogue



37%.
1062 Hums
4961
darivatives
L> 102
virus

19%.
543 ilems
1-384
no gco info
1-159
no temporal

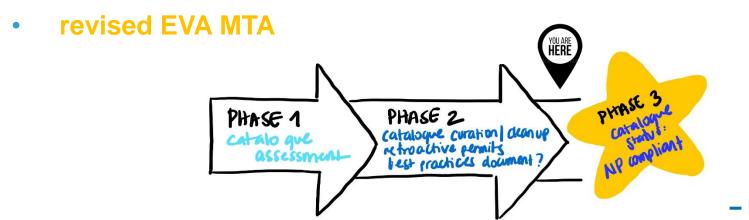
1268 items
1268 items
1352
712.10.2014
~50:50
NP: non NP



- 1. Improving the catalogue information:
 - 2874 items have been curated!
 - 1606 had missing information (non and semi compliant)
 - 22 institutes completed catalogue curation; 4 still in progress
- 2. Improving the catalogue database infrastructure:
 - Country of collection (geographical) and date of collection (temporal) now <u>MANDATORY FIELDS</u>
- Two "Nagoya for Beginners" workshops hosted and recorded(EVA internal website and Youtube)
- 4. NEW:

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ABS awareness and information banner on main EVA website



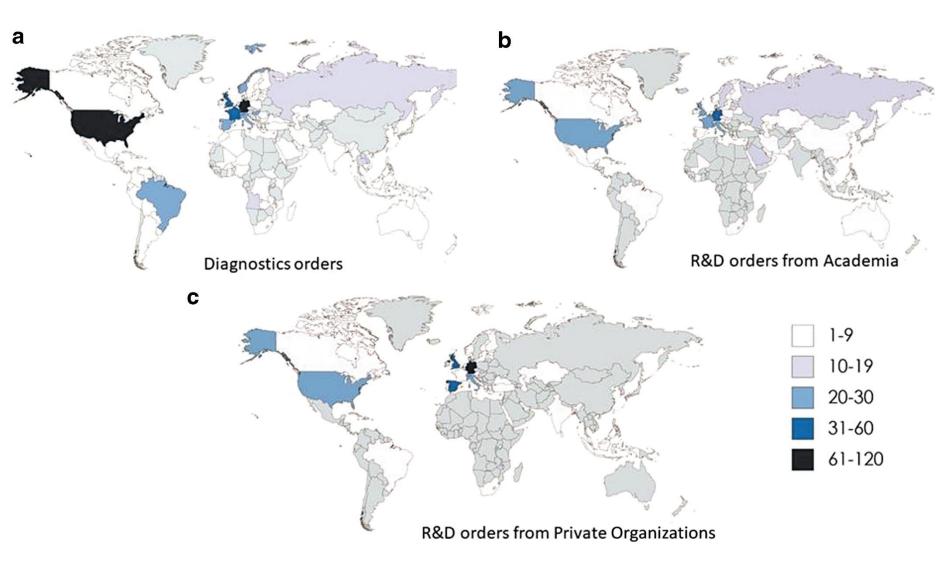


- 1. EVA-G played a critical role in the global response to the COVID-19 pandemic by:
 - distributing EU subsidized (free of charge) viral resources to users worldwide,
 - providing non-monetary benefit sharing, implementing ABS compliance, and raising ABS awareness amongst members and users.
 - Did not discriminated on the geographical origin for the distribution of free-of-charge material

2. EVA-G Bilateral briefings (Guatemala, Colombia, Chile, Brazil, Kenya)

Distribution of SARS-CoV-2 material in 2020





The Importance of Biobanking for Response to Pandemics Caused by Emerging Viruses: The European Virus Archive As an Observatory of the Global Response to the Zika Virus and COVID-19 Crisis

Coutard et al., 2020



Training programs: the EVAg experience



-Accompanying collaborators through formation actions:

After identification of the needs, 7 modules have been proposed

Module #1: Standard methods of cell culture – Initiation level (34h)

Module #2: Standard methods of cell culture – Advanced level (34h)

Module #3: Working in a BSL3 environment (20h)

Module #4: Production, conservation and titration of clinical isolates

(30h)

Module #5: Cell-culture isolation of respiratory viruses (36h)

Module #6: Cell-culture isolation of arboviruses (36h)

Module #7: Cell-culture isolation of herpes viruses, enteroviruses and

adenoviruses (52 h)

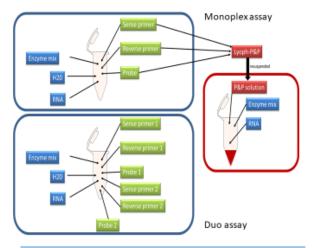
Users should demonstrate they have the facilities to reproduce the work on site

12 collaborators from Southern countries accessed to the trainign program with 1 to 3 modules.

Promoting distribution of material at RT worldwide

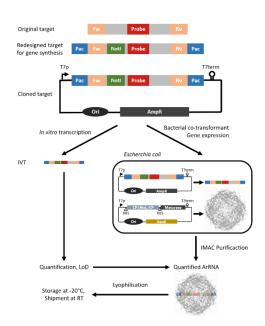


Molecular diagnostics: Primer&Probes



The less steps, the less mistakes: lyophilised ready to use

Thirion et al., 2019

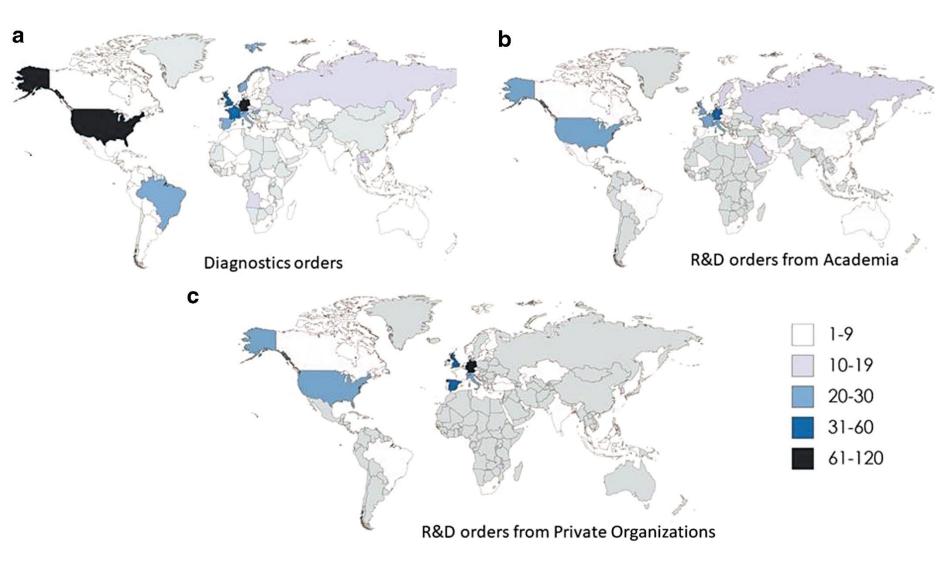


- Producing pre-mixed, lyophilised Primers and probes (P&P):
- Developing lyophilized ArRNA (Armored RNA): non infectious positive RNA controls.
- Worldwide distribution at RT of material for molecular testing
 - -Diagnostics (originaly RUO)
 - -Virus Discovery
- More than 200 000 tests sent mainly in African countries during the GA N°653316 H2020



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Take home message



- ▶ EVA-G is a collection of viruses
- Activities are not only scientific and technical activities
- International cooperation for collection activities requires :
 - bilateral agreements
 - Compliance with NP and Access and Benefit Sharing
 - A strong logistical chain